

# EXTRAORDINARY PART II—Section 1 PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

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#### MINISTRY OF LAW

(Legislative Department)

New Delhi, the 19th September, 1959/Bhadra 28, 1881 (Saka)

The following Act of Parliament received the assent of the President on the 18th September, 1959, and is hereby published for general information:—

# THE OIL AND NATURAL GAS COMMISSION ACT, 1959 No. 43 of 1959

[18th September, 1959]

An Act to provide for the establishment of a Commission for the development of petroleum resources and the production and sale of petroleum and petroleum products produced by it and for matters connected therewith.

BE it enacted by Parliament in the Tenth Year of the Republic of India as follows:—

#### CHAPTER I

#### PRELIMINARY

- 1. (1) This Act may be called the Oil and Natural Gas Commission Act, 1959.
- (2) It extends to the whole of India, except the State of Jammu and Kashmir.
- (3) It shall come into force on such date as the Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, appoint.
  - 2. In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires,-
    - (a) "chairman" means the chairman of the Commission;
  - (b) "Commission" means the Oil and Natural Gas Commission established under section 3;

Definitions.

Short title,

extent and commence-

ment.

(361)

90 of 1934.

- (c) "existing organisation" means the body set up in pursuance of the resolution of the Government of India, No. 22/29/55-ONG, dated the 14th August, 1956;
  - (d) "Fund" means the fund referred to in section 19:
- (e) "member" means a member of the Commission and includes the chairman;
- (f) "petroleum" has the same meaning as in the Petroleum Act, 1934, and includes natural gas;

(g) "prescribed" means prescribed by rules made under this - Act.

#### CHAPTER II

#### THE OIL AND NATURAL GAS COMMISSION

Establishment and incorpora-Сопплиявіоп.

- 3. (1) With effect from such date as the Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, appoint in this behalf, tion of the there shall be established a Commission to be called the Oil and Natural Gas Commission.
  - (2) The Commission shall be a body corporate having perpetual succession and a common seal with power to acquire, hold and dispose of property and to contract and shall by the said name sue and be sued.

Composition of the Comm ission.

4. The Commission shall consist of a chairman and not less than two, and not more than eight, other members appointed by the Central Government and the members may be required to render whole time or part time service, as the Central Government may direct:

Provided that one of the members shall be a whole-time Finance Member in charge of the financial matters relating to the Commission:

Provided further that the Central Government may, if it thinks fit, appoint one of the members as vice-chairman of the Commission.

Term of service of members.

5. (1) The term of office and conditions of service of the omice and conditions of chairman and other members shall be such as may be prescribed:

Provided that the Central Government may, if it thinks fit, terminate the appointment of any member before the expiry of his term of office, after giving him a reasonable opportunity of showing cause against the same.

(2) Any member may resign his office by giving notice in writing to the Central Government, and on such resignation being notified in the Official Gazette by that Government, shall be deemed to have vacated his office.

- (3) A casual vacancy created by the resignation of a member under sub-section (2) or for any other reason may be filled by fresh appointment.
- A person shall be disqualified for being appointed or for Disqualificacontinuing as a member, if he has, directly or indirectly, any interest ing appoinin a subsisting contract made with, or in any work being done for, ted, or for the Commission.

tions for becontinuing. as member of the Commission.

7. If any member is by infirmity or otherwise rendered tempo- Temporary rarily incapable of carrying out his duties or is absent on leave or absence of otherwise in circumstances not involving the vacation appointment, the Central Government may appoint another person to act in his place during his absence.

8. No act or proceeding of the Commission shall be invalid by Vacancies, reason only of the existence of any vacancy among its members or etc., not to invalidate acts any defect in the constitution thereof.

and proceedings of the Commission.

9. (1) The Commission shall meet at such times and places and Meetings of shall, subject to the provisions of sub-sections (2) and (3), observe mission. such rules of procedure in regard to the transaction of business at its meetings (including the quorum at meetings) as may be provided by regulations made under this Act.

- (2) The chairman or, in his absence, the vice-chairman, if any, or in the absence of the chairman and of the vice-chairman, if any, any member chosen by the members from among themselves, shall preside at a meeting of the Commission,
- (3) All questions at a meeting of the Commission decided by a majority of the votes of the members present and voting, and in the case of an equality of votes, the chairman or, in his absence, the person presiding, shall have a second or casting vote:

Provided that the person presiding may, in his discretion, reserve any matter for the consideration of the Central Government.

10. (1) The Commission may associate with itself in such Temporary manner and for such purposes, as may be provided by regulations association of persons made under this Act, any person whose assistance or advice it may with the desire in performing any of its functions under this Act.

Commission for particular purposes. (2) A person associated with it by the Commission under subsection (1) for any purpose shall have a right to take part in the discussions of the Commission relevant to that purpose, but shall not have a right to vote at a meeting of the Commission, and shall not be a member for any other purpose.

Authentication of orders and other instruments of the Commission.

11. All orders and decisions of the Commission shall be authenticated by the signature of the chairman or any other member authorised by the Commission in this behalf, and all other instruments issued by the Commission shall be authenticated by the signature of an officer of the Commission authorised in like manner in this behalf.

Staff of the Commission.

- 12. (1) Subject to the provisions of section 15, the Commission may, for the purpose of enabling it efficiently to perform its functions or exercise its powers under this Act, appoint such number of employees as it may consider necessary.
- (2) The functions and the terms and conditions of service of such employees shall be such as may be provided by regulations made under this Act.

Transfer of service of existing employees to the Commission. 13. (1) Subject to the provisions of this Act, every person employed by the existing organisation immediately before the date of establishment of the Commission shall, on and from such date, become an employee of the Commission with such designation as the Commission may determine and shall hold his office or service therein by the same tenure, at the same remuneration and upon the same terms and conditions as he would have held the same on such date if the Commission had not been established and shall continue to do so unless and until his employment in the Commission is terminated or until such tenure, remuneration and terms and conditions are duly altered by the Commission:

# Provided that-

- (a) the tenure, remuneration and terms and conditions of service of any such person shall not be altered to his disadvantage without the previous approval of the Central Government;
- (b) any service rendered in the existing organization by any such person shall be deemed to be service under the Commission; and
- (c) all persons employed by the Commission on the date of its establishment, who, immediately before such date, hold, in a permanent or quasi-permanent capacity, posts in connection with the affairs of the Union or of any State, but not posts in the existing organisation, shall be treated as Government servants on foreign service with the Commission.

(2) The Commission may employ any person who has become its employee under sub-section (1), in such capacity as it thinks fit, and every such employee shall be bound to discharge his functions accordingly.

#### CHAPTER III

#### POWERS AND FUNCTIONS OF THE COMMISSION

- 14. (1) Subject to the provisions of this Act, the functions of Functions of the Commission shall generally be to plan, promote, organise and the Commission, implement programmes for the development of petroleum resources and the production and sale of petroleum and petroleum products produced by it and to perform such functions as the Central Government may, from time to time, assign to the Commission.
- (2) In particular and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing provision, the Commission may take such steps as it thinks fit—
  - (a) for the carrying out of geological and geophysical surveys for exploration of petroleum;
  - (b) for the carrying out of drilling and other prospecting operations to prove and estimate the reserves of petroleum;
  - (c) to undertake, encourage and promote such other activities as may lead to the establishment of such reserves;
  - (d) to undertake, assist or encourage and promote the production of petroleum from such reserves and its refining;
  - (e) for the transport and disposal of natural gas and refinery gases produced by the Commission:

Provided that no industry, which will use any of these gases as a raw material, shall be set up by the Commission without the previous approval of the Central Government;

- (f) to undertake, encourage and promote geological, chemical and other scientific investigations whether in or outside the laboratory;
- (g) to undertake, assist or encourage the collection, maintenance and publication of statistics, bulletins and monographs;
- (h) to perform any other function which is supplemental, incidental or consequential to any of the functions aforesaid or which may be prescribed.
- (3) In the discharge of its functions under this Act, the Commission shall be bound by such directions as the Central Government may, for reasons to be stated in writing, give to it from time to time.
- 15. The Commission may exercise all such powers as may be Powers or necessary or expedient for the purpose of carrying out its functions mission. under this Act:

Provided that before exercising its powers in respect of following matters, it shall obtain the previous approval of Central Government, namely:--

- (a) the creation of any post the salary or honorarium of which would be rupees two thousand a month or more would be on a scale the maximum of which is rupees thousand a month or more, and the appointment of any person to any such post;
- (b) the implementation of any scheme or proposal which will involve a capital expenditure exceeding thirty lakhs rupees;
- (c) the disposal of any property, right or privilege, the original or book value of which exceeds ten lakhs of rupees.

#### CHAPTER IV

# FINANCE, ACCOUNTS, AUDIT AND REPORTS

Capital of the Commission.

- 16. (1) All non-recurring expenditure incurred by the Central Government for or in connection with the existing organisation up to the date of establishment of the Commission and declared to be capital expenditure by that Government, shall be treated as capital expenditure provided by that Government to the Commission, and shall be brought into the books of the Commission.
- (2) The Central Government may, after due appropriation made by Parliament in this behalf, provide any further capital that may be required by the Commission for the carrying on of the business of the Commission or for any purpose connected therewith on such terms and conditions as that Government may determine.

Vesting of property in the Commission.

17. All property acquired and all works constructed or under construction by or on behalf of the Central Government for the purposes of the existing organisation up to the date of establishment of the Commission shall, on such date, vest in the Commission and all income derived and all expenditure incurred in this behalf shall be brought into the books of the Commission.

Commission: to rights, liabilitles certain cases.

18. All rights, liabilities and obligations of the Central Governhave ment which, whether arising out of any contract or otherwise, were and acquired or incurred by it in connection with the existing organiobligations sation or for any of the purposes referred to in this Act, before the Central Gov- date of establishment of the Commission shall be deemed to have ernment in been acquired or incurred by the Commission and shall be the rights, liabilities and obligations respectively of the Commission.

19. (1) The Commission shall have its own Fund and all receipts Fund of the of the Commission, whether from grants made by the Central Government or otherwise, shall be carried thereto and all payments by the Commission made therefrom.

- (2) The Commission may expend such sums as it thinks fit for performing its functions under this Act and such sums shall be treated as expenditure payable out of the Fund.
- (3) All monies of the Commission shall be deposited in the Reserve Bank of India or with the agents of that Bank or where there is neither an office of that Bank, nor an agent of that Bank, in a Government Treasury, or be invested in such securities as may be approved by the Central Government.
- 20. The Commission may, with the previous approval of the Borrowing Central Government, borrow money in the open market or otherwise of money. for the purposes of carrying out its functions under this Act.
- 21. (1) (a) The Commission shall, by such date in each year as Budget. may be prescribed, submit to the Central Government for approval a budget in the prescribed form for the next financial year, showing the estimated receipts and expenditure, and the sums which would be required from the Central Government, during that financial year.
- (b) If any sum granted by the Central Government remains wholly or partly unspent in any financial year, the unspent sum may be carried forward to the next financial year and taken into account in determining the sum to be provided by the Central Government for that year.
- (2) Subject to the provisions of sub-section (3), no sum shall be expended by or on behalf of the Commission unless the expenditure is covered by provision in the budget approved by the Central Government.
- (3) The Commission may sanction any re-appropriation from one head of expenditure to another or from a provision made for one scheme to that for another:

Provided that, except with the previous approval of the Central Government—

- (a) no re-appropriation from the head "loan" to another head of expenditure and vice versa in the budget shall be sanctioned by the Commission;
- (b) no re-appropriation which has the effect of augmenting the provision under any head of expenditure as approved by the Central Government by more than twenty per cent, or seven and a half lakhs of rupees, whichever is less, shall be made.

Annual reports, accounts and audit.

- 22. (1) The Commission shall maintain proper accounts and other relevant records and prepare an annual statement of accounts, including the profit and loss account and balance sheet in accordance with such general directions as may be issued, and in such form as may be prescribed, by the Central Government in consultation with the Comptroller and Auditor-General of India.
- (2) The accounts of the Commission shall be audited annually by the Comptroller and Auditor-General of India and any expenditure incurred by him in connection with such audit shall be payable by the Commission to the Comptroller and Auditor-General of India.
- (3) The Comptroller and Auditor-General of India and any person appointed by him in connection with the audit of the accounts of the Commission shall have the same rights and privileges and authority in connection with such audit as the Comptroller and Auditor-General has in connection with the audit of Government accounts, and in particular, shall have the right to demand the production of books, accounts, connected vouchers and other documents and papers and to inspect any of the offices of the Commission.
- (4) The accounts of the Commission as certified by the Comptroller and Auditor-General of India or any other person appointed by him in this behalf, together with the audit report thereon, shall be forwarded annually to the Central Government and that Government shall cause the same to be laid before each House of Parliament.

Returns and reports.

- 23. (1) The Commission shall furnish to the Central Government at such time and in such form and in such manner, as may be prescribed or as the Central Government may direct, such returns and statements and such particulars in regard to any proposed or existing programme for the development of petroleum resources and the production and sale of petroleum and petroleum products produced by the Commission as the Central Government may, from time to time, require.
- (2) Without prejudice to the provisions of sub-section (1), the Commission shall, as soon as possible after the commencement of each financial year, submit to the Central Government a report in such form and before such date as may be prescribed, giving a true and full account of its activities, policy and programme during the previous financial year and an account of the activities likely to be undertaken during the current financial year.
- (3) A copy of the report received under sub-section (2) shall be laid before each House of Parliament.

# CHAPTER V

#### MISCELLANEOUS

24. Any land required by the Commission for carrying out its Compulfunctions under this Act shall be deemed to be needed for a public sition of land purpose and such land shall be acquired for the Commission as if the for the Comprovisions of Part VII of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, were applicable to it and the Commission were a company within the meaning of clause (e) of section 3 of the said Act.

specially Power of 25. Any employee of the Commission, generally or authorised by it, may at all reasonable times enter upon any land or premises and there do such things as may be reasonably necessary for the purpose of lawfully carrying out any of its works or of making any survey, examination or investigation preliminary or incidental to the exercise of powers or the performance of functions by the Commission under this Act.

26. The Commission may, by general or special order in writing, Octobers direct that all or any of the powers or duties which may be exercised and duties. or discharged by it shall, in such circumstances and under such conditions, if any, as may be specified in the order, be exercised or discharged also by any person specified in this behalf in the order.

27. All members and employees of the Commission, shall, when and emploacting or purporting to act in pursuance of the provisions of this Act, yees of the or of any rule or regulation made thereunder, be deemed to be public to be public servants within the meaning of section 21 of the Indian Penal Code. servants.

28. No suit, prosecution or other legal proceeding shall lie against Protection of action taken the Commission or any member or employee of the Com-under Act. mission for anything which is in good faith done or intended to be done in pursuance of this Act or of any rule or regulation made thereunder.

29. The Commission shall be deemed to be a company within the Liability of meaning of any enactment for the time being in force providing for to pay taxes the levy of any tax or fee by the Central Government or a State and fees. Government and shall be liable to pay such tax or fee accordingly.

30. (1) The Central Government may, by notification in the Dissolution Official Gazette, direct that the Commission shall be dissolved from mission. such date as may be specified in the notification and thereupon the Commission shall be deemed to be dissolved accordingly.

of the Com-

# (2) On and from the said date-

(a) all assets, liabilities and obligations acquired or incurred by the Commission for purposes of the Commission or for any of the purposes referred to in this Act shall vest in the Central Government, and

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(b) all members shall vacate their offices as members of the Commission.

Power of Central Government to make rules.

- 31. (1) The Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, make rules to give effect to the provisions of this Act.
- (2) In particular and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing provision, such rules may provide for all or any of the following matters, namely:—
  - (a) the term of office of, and the manner of filling casual vacancies among, the members, and their conditions of service including the salaries, remuneration and allowances to be paid to them and the travelling and daily allowances to be drawn by them when they are on tour;
  - (b) the disqualifications for membership of the Commission and the procedure to be followed in removing a member who is or becomes subject to any disqualification;
  - (c) the procedure to be followed in the discharge of functions by members;
  - (d) the date by which, and the form in which, the budget shall be submitted in each year under sub-section (1) of section 21:
  - (e) the procedure to be followed for placing the Commission in possession of funds;
  - (f) the procedure to be followed and the conditions to be observed in borrowing moneys or in granting loans;
  - (g) the conditions subject to which, and the mode in which, contracts may be entered into by or on behalf of the Commission;
  - (h) the form and manner in which the accounts of the Commission shall be maintained under sub-section (1) of section 22;
  - (i) the form and manner in which returns, reports or statements shall be submitted under section 23;
    - (j) any other matter which has to be, or may be, prescribed.
- (3) Every rule made under this section shall be laid as soon as may be after it is made before each House of Parliament while it is in session for a total period of thirty days which may be comprised in one session or in two successive sessions, and if before the expiry

of the session in which it is so laid or the session immediately following, both Houses agree in making any modification in the rule or both Houses agree that the rule should not be made, the rule shall thereafter have effect only in such modified form or be of no effect, as the case may be; so however that any such modification or annulment shall be without prejudice to the validity of anything previously done under that rule.

32. (1) The Commission may, with the previous approval of Commission the Central Government, by notification in the Official Gazette, make to make regulations, not inconsistent with this Act and the rules made regulation. thereunder, for enabling it to discharge its functions under this Act.

- (2) In particular and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing provision, such regulations may provide for all or any of the following matters, namely:—
  - (a) the terms and conditions of appointment and service and the scales of pay of employees of the Commission, including payment of travelling and daily allowances in respect of journeys undertaken by such employees for the purposes of this Act:
  - (b) the time and place of meetings of the Commission, the procedure to be followed in regard to the transaction of business at such meetings and the quorum necessary for the transaction of business at a meeting:
  - (c) the maintenance of minutes of meetings of the Commission and the transmission of copies thereof to the Central Government:
  - (d) the persons by whom, and the manner in which payments, deposits and investments may be made on behalf of the Commission:
  - (e) the custody of moneys required for the current expenditure of the Commission and the investment of moneys not so required;
    - (f) the maintenance of accounts.

(3) The Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, amend, vary or rescind any regulation which it has approved; and thereupon the regulation shall have effect accordingly but without prejudice to the exercise of the powers of the Commission under sub-section (1).

G. R. RAJAGOPAUL, Secy.